

## Intelligencer.

Published every Wednesday.

J. F. CLINKSCALES, EDITORS AND  
C. C. LANGSTON, PROPRIETORS.

## TERMS:

ONE YEAR, \$1 50  
SIX MONTHS, 75

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 9, 1899.

The Daily Times made its appearance in Greenville a few days ago. It is an afternoon 7-column quarto, ably edited and neatly printed.

Anderson has some big-hearted, public-spirited men who take advantage of every opportunity to promote the town and county's welfare. May their tribe increase.

The prevalence of crimes by boys again emphasizes the danger of reading vicious literature. The yellow-covered romance is second in its evils to the yellow newspapers that now infest the land, and have free entrance even into cultured homes.

Here is a paragraph that is interesting if true: A northern syndicate recently offered Mrs. Jefferson Davis \$90,000 for her home at Beauvoir, Miss. but she would not have the place turned to commercial account. Now the State Daughters of the Confederacy are to buy the house for \$25,000.

If cotton mill companies continue to be organized in South Carolina, as at the rate during the past six months, this State will not only soon distance all her sister States in cotton manufacturing, but will soon compete with Massachusetts. Let the good work go on. We have room for many more. Anderson must have another big mill.

The Postoffice Department has been overwhelmed with applications from communities throughout the country to name their postoffices "Dewey." Already twenty-eight postoffices in as many different States have been given the name of the hero of Manila Bay, and over 345 other applications are on the postal files. Seventy different places in Tennessee have asked for the name. Only one office in each State can bear the name.

The Natchez (Miss.) Democrat makes an appeal to cotton farmers to hold back one-third of their ginnings until after December or January. It says: "The two-thirds will bring nearly as much money, marketed in this way, as the whole crop marketed in the usual way. The government says the July condition is three and four-tenths per cent. less, or a total depreciation of eleven and four-tenths per cent. Estimating the current crop at 11,200,000 bales, it means a shrinkage of 1,277,000 bales for 1899-1900."

The indications are that the next campaign will open up earlier than common. The fact is names of men of prominence have been already mentioned by their friends as the proper persons to fill certain offices. We do not suppose any one doubts that the chances of holding and getting office is being figured on very industriously by the ins as well as the outs. It is not at all likely that candidates will be scarce. The offices will not go begging. We are impressed that there will be some skillful moves on the political chess-board, and warn the voters to be very watchful.

The Neal investigating committee concluded its work in Greenville last week. There were no new developments, except Senator Tillman's denial of certain transactions which Neal says are true. From their respective statements there is a big lie out. The committee finds Neal short about \$11,500, and Neal confesses to the amount of about \$3,300. The report of the committee will be submitted to the Governor this week, and it is said it will be recommended that Neal be prosecuted. This is right. If Neal has stolen the State's money let him be punished like any other criminal. The case will be watched with interest.

The appearance of yellow fever at Hampton, Va., only emphasizes the fact that there is need of a quarantine bureau that will cover every inch of national territory, and whose authority will be paramount and absolute. Only in this way can there be intelligent and consistent preparation for fighting infection. A scourge like yellow fever knows nothing about the sovereignty of the States, and protection against it is really a matter of national concern. One of the first acts of Congress next winter ought to be the establishment of a quarantine system that will finally remove the United States from danger of further visitation from the "yellow terror."

Senator Tillman attended a picnic at Sumter last Friday, and, judging from the newspaper reports of his speech, he has commenced his work of again stirring up the old factional bitterness in the State. Among many other things he said that he was no peace and unity man and the lines were still here and would be drawn. The men who formed the old rings and rode into office over the people's backs were still trying to ride into office and would do it if not watched. Senator Tillman may be able to revive this old factional feeling, but in this section of the State the better and more intelligent class of his supporters have had enough of it, and he will find that they will not uphold him in creating bitter strife among the white people again. We doubt if he will have any opposition in the campaign next year to succeed himself in the United States Senate, and there is no use for him to conduct his campaign as he did in former years. Such a campaign would again divide the Democrats and would do the grand old State harm. South Carolina is

gaining rapidly in manufactures, her people are contented and prosperous, and any man who has the welfare and interests of the people at heart will not stir up strife among them.

## Autum Items.

Rev. Dr. Watson is doing some very excellent preaching at Sandy Springs just now. There is a very pleasing attendance, both at the morning and evening services. Work up, good people, and do not let his labors be in vain.

Miss Minnie Blackman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Blackman, has relapsed and is very ill at this writing. She has been confined for several months past with paralysis of the heart.

Mrs. Emma Majors, of Pickens, while visiting relatives and friends in this community, was taken ill while at Mr. J. M. Blackman's and is now at his residence.

The writer visited the family reunion of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Smith, near Pisgah Church, on Saturday, the 5th inst. There were thirty-eight of the descendants present with an absence of nineteen.

Cotton is beginning to open, and we fear there will be a surprising shortage in the crop, owing to a deficient quantity of rain.

Messrs. J. E. Pilgrim, John Wooten and John Kensler, returned from a pleasure trip over in Georgia some days since. They report a very fine time.

Don't forget that next Saturday, 12th inst., is the day appointed for you to meet at Sandy Springs to make arrangements for the building of a new school house.

BOB AMATEUR.

## Race Riot in Greenville.

GREENVILLE, S. C., August 7.—Reports of a race riot in Greenville have been exaggerated. On Sunday night a difficulty started at the Poe Mill. According to the evidence of witnesses, negroes precipitated the riot by deliberately firing into the house of John R. Ellenburg, a cotton mill operative, living just across the Buncombe road from the fertilizer factory. The shooting occurred between 6 and 7 o'clock, or an hour before dark.

There were present at the house at the time of the shooting John R. Ellenburg, Mrs. R. Ellenburg, T. P. Ellenburg, the father of John R. Ellenburg, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Phillips, Taylor and Walter Carmon. When the first shot was fired Mrs. Ellenburg was in the rear end of the house. Her little child was playing in the yard and she cried out:

"Don't shoot the children!"

This was answered by two more shots at the house, one of which took effect in the roof. John R. Ellenburg then walked out on his front piazza and, addressing the negroes, said sharply:

"You had better shoot again."

They answered him with two more shots.

Then the crowd from the mill village began to gather and march down to the fertilizer factory. There were in the crowd of negroes Jack Moore, Will Cunningham, Tom Jackson and George Clements. Moore was captured and carried to jail.

Seeing Moore led off, the negroes immediately seized the idea and conviction that he was going to be lynched, and a courier was sent to the Mount Zion Colored Baptist Church to give the alarm and call for assistance.

The Rev. J. A. Pinson, the pastor, was asked to announce from his pulpit that a negro was being lynched at the Poe Mill, but Pinson, being cool-headed and a man of judgment, refused.

This broke up the meeting, however, and the negroes rushed from the building to secure weapons and go to the scene.

In the meantime a negro had gone to the home of Sheriff Gilreath and reported the same thing to him. Chief of Police Kennedy and Deputy Sheriff Gilreath went to the scene about 10 o'clock, as quickly as they could get there after being notified of the trouble. At the Buncombe street railroad crossing they met Deputy Sheriff Whitmore and Officer Atkinson.

A party of between fifty and seventy-five negroes were congregated at the crossing, and a party of about twenty-five whites in the woods, a few hundred yards away, guarding the operatives' houses. The officers persuaded this mob of negroes to disperse. While the other officers stayed at the crossing to see that the negroes did not reassemble after promising to go home, Chief Kennedy and Deputy Sheriff Gilreath crossed over by the fertilizer factory into Highland avenue.

Here the officers met a mob of about 100 frenzied negroes well armed. They had revolvers, shotguns and axes, and one in the crowd brandished a reup hook. After a parley Chief Kennedy sent the Rev. Pinson, negro Baptist preacher, to jail to ascertain if Moore was a prisoner. He returned and reported that Moore was in jail. This report ended the riotous proceedings.

There was considerable firing of guns and pistols, and one white man and five negroes were wounded. In passing through the streets of the city it is reported that some shots were fired into dwellings.

The only fighting was between a few operatives of the Poe Mill and straggling crowds of negroes.

Later the Greenville Light Infantry was called out and remained on guard until morning, but there was no further trouble and the negroes went to their homes. The names of the leaders are known and all will be arrested. If all the different crowds of negroes had collected at one point the consequences would have been serious. The officers handled the different crowds and prevented concentration.—News and Courier.

A horse is never sick at the stomach, because that animal is not provided with a gall-bladder.

Congressman Ketcham, of New York, has served in 13 congresses, and has never made a speech.

## Three Florida Towns Were Annihilated.

RIVER JUNCTION, FLA., Aug. 4.—The most disastrous cyclone that ever visited this section of Florida completely annihilated Carrabelle, McIntyre and Lanark Inn, south of here, Wednesday.

At Carrabelle only nine houses remain of a once beautiful and prosperous town. Communications from the mayor states that 200 families are without home or shelter, and that many are completely destitute.

McIntyre only two mill boilers mark the site of the town.

Lanark Inn, the famous summer resort, was blown into the Gulf. The Carrabelle, Tallahassee and Georgia railroad was washed away for a distance of 30 miles. A passenger train was blown from the track more than one hundred yards. Many passengers were injured, but their names are unobtainable.

Mary Williams, colored, was killed at Carrabelle. Numerous others had legs and arms broken. Daniel Neel of Apalachicola had his back broken and is not expected to recover.

No fatalities are reported from McIntyre and Lanark.

Fifteen ships lying at anchor in Dog Island cove and upper anchorage are now all high and dry on St. George's and Dog islands. Twelve were loaded with lumber and ready for sea. Nothing remains of them but a mass of wreckage. When the Italian bark Corviera struck she split half in two from stem to stern. The names of the ships blown on the islands and which are total wrecks are as follows: Norwegian bark Tanavola, Edwardsen, master; Vale, Anderson, master; Jafnar, Tygesen, master; Hindoo, Madsen, master; Elsbeth, Pedersen, master; Russian bark Latara, Kramtman, master; American schooner Benj. C. Cronwell, McClean, master; Mary E. Morse, Deussen, master; Grace Andrews, Brown, master; Warren Adams, Gibbons, master; James A. Garfield, Cottingham, master; bark Vidette, Waldron, master; Italian bark Cortesia; fishing master Albert Hall.

Three pilot boats and steamers Iola and Capitola and 40 boats under 20 tons were lost. Six lumber lighters, loaded, are gone. Not one of the entire fleet can be saved.

Five unidentified bodies were recovered to-day, supposed to be sailors.

Tug boats have gone from here to the scene of the wreckage. All possible aid is being given them. Fifty destitute sailors were brought here to-day and are being cared for. A mass meeting of citizens is being held here to-night and all possible aid will be given the Carrabelle destitute. One million dollars will not cover the loss. The insurance is small.

Miss Lillian Jewett Takes the Bakers.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 5.—Lillian Clayton Jewett the Boston girl who recently created a sensation among the negroes of that city by declaring that she would come to Charleston and take back north with her family of the late Frazier B. Baker, who was lynched at Lake City, S. C., in 1897, with a view to beginning an agitation against mob law, has carried out her design. Miss Jewett arrived here Friday morning accompanied by her mother and a young man named R. G. Larsen, who is a Boston journalist. She had frequent conferences with the Baker woman and her friends and as a result she left here for Boston this afternoon accompanied by the entire Baker family, the mother and five children.

Miss Jewett said her plans for the future were not yet formulated, but she proposed to hold mass meetings throughout the north to arouse popular sentiment against lynching and mob law generally. She did not regard her movement as an issue between the races, but was advocating the cause of humanity irrespective of color or condition. She said she was educated in Virginia and had some knowledge of the Southern people, and she was well aware that the better elements in the South joined heart and soul with the better elements in the North in demanding a halt in the commission of the outrages that recently have shocked the world. She said that since her Boston address was made she had received many threatening letters from the South, but to these she paid no heed knowing that they did not come from a source worthy of serious consideration.

Miss Jewett paid for the tickets of the Baker family from here to Boston, and she also bought a number of small articles of clothing for the woman and her children.

The Rev. J. L. Dart, a colored minister of this city, who has recently spent some time in Boston, returned to the city to-day and opposed violently the removal of the Bakers from Charleston. He declares that Miss Jewett did not represent the better class of white or colored people in Boston. He says she and those who stand with her merely want to get control of the Bakers to make notoriety and money for themselves.—Cor. State.

## Atlanta's Thirsty Mayor.

ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 5.—On a vote of seventeen to three the resignation of Mayor James G. Woodward, of this city, was asked for at a secret caucus of the City Council and board of Aldermen held this afternoon.

Mayor Woodward was charged with drunkenness several weeks ago, when impeachment proceedings were threatened. At that time the Mayor promised to reform, but it is now charged that he has broken faith with the City Council. According to the resolution the resignation must be in by Monday morning; upon failure it is probable impeachment proceedings will be instituted. At the caucus it was intimated by Councilman Parks that persons who wanted certain measures passed, to which it was known Mr. Woodward was opposed, were behind this conduct.

## A Formidable Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—A statement prepared at the war department shows that by October 23d there will be at Manila, or on the way to the Philippines, 40,000 men. They will reach the islands before the beginning of the dry season. The troops to be sent from this country are ten regiments of volunteers, amounting to 13,000 men; recruits for skeleton regiments organized in the Philippines, 1,000; recruits for regulars, 3,500; eight troops Third cavalry, 965; Marines, 400.

Beginning to-morrow and up to October 22, there will sail from the Pacific coast 17 transports, with a carrying capacity of 938 officers and 17,370 men, which will include nearly all the organizations above named.

## ANOTHER GRAND FORWARD MOVEMENT AT COLUMBIA COLLEGE, COLUMBIA, S. C.

JOHN A. RICE, President.

PRICES reduced nearly 25 per cent for next year. Modern appointments, comfortable and equipment. Few inferior. High standard in thirteen Departments. Able Faculty of specialists. Best home-like, social and religious influences. Closest personal attention to every student. Those having daughters to educate can't afford to miss seeing the new catalogue. Sent on application.

## WOFFORD COLLEGE

JAS. H. CARLISLE, L.L.D., President.

Eight Departments, including the New Chair of History and Economics.

## WOFFORD FITTING SCHOOL!

An excellent Training School for Boys. A. M. DuPre, A. M., Head Master. For Catalogue address

J. A. GAMEWELL, Spartanburg, S. C.

Next Session begins Sept. 25th.

## TALK NO. 4.

## WHAT WE INHERIT.

A child's disposition may be ruined through existing defects in eye sight, causing abnormal nervous impulses over which they have no control. In school, children are often falsely charged with stupidity or inattention to their books when some defect of the eyes which makes reading painful to them is to blame rather than the child's mental dullness or inattentive disposition, and after such defects are properly corrected by properly fitted glasses the child is more attentive and better able to keep pace with the rest of the class, and often proves to be the brighter by excelling all others in their grade. Mark any peculiarities that children may have in looking at objects at a distance or near. Squinting, frowning, looking sideways with partially closed eyes, etc., all plain that they cannot see clear, or of headaches, are indications of eye trouble.

What we inherit we are not to blame for. We cannot be held responsible for the dispositions and tendencies which we derive from our ancestors, nor are we responsible for the germs of disease which may manifest themselves in our blood as a heritage from former generations. But we are responsible when we allow congenital or hereditary troubles or defects to go uncorrected in our children when properly adjusted glasses will relieve all trouble. If your children manifest any of the above peculiarities it is your parental duty to consult a competent Optician at once, lest your negligence and indifference may result in irreparable injury.

Remember, if

A. C. STRICKLAND.

## Application for Amendment of Charter.

Ohio River, Anderson and Tide Water Railway Company.

WHEREAS, The Western Carolina Railway Company was duly chartered by an Act of the General Assembly of South Carolina, approved December 20th, 1890, and by an amendatory Act approved February 11th, A. D. 1898, the name of said Company was changed to the Ohio River, Anderson and Tide Water Railway Company;

And whereas, the said Company desires an amendment to its Charter by amending Section 10 of the Amendatory Act so that it will read as follows:

"Section 10. That this Act as amended shall be deemed a public Act and shall continue in force until it expires by its own limitation, to wit: for a period of six years from the date of approval, and until the first meeting of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, now, therefore, notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Secretary of State on Thursday, August 17, 1899, for an Act to provide for the formation of Railroad, Steamboat, Street Railway and Canal Companies, and to provide a mode for amending the Charter thereof," approved February 28th, A. D. 1899.

O. R. A. & T. W. RAILWAY CO.  
Per P. K. McCULLY, President.  
August 9, 1899.

## Valuable Plantation for Sale.

174 ACRES, more or less, on Bear-creek, in a high state of cultivation. 39 acres bottom land in pine woods, 14 in pasture, 100 in cotton land, 3 houses on it. Bounded by Rev. George Rodgers, A. M. Guyton and others. Will sell on easy terms. Purchaser to pay for papers and stamps. For particulars apply to M. Berry Williams, Guyton, S. C., or

MRS. LIZZIE WILLIAMS, Anderson, S. C.

July 12, 1899

## We are on Your Trail!

NOT like the fellow at the ball who was called an Indian by his fair partner because he was always on her trail, but because we know what you want and have bought to fit your wants. We know that you want good, honest, all leather shoes, and shoes that will feel good on your feet, and that will make your purse proud of the investment. You want New Stock—not old, shabby worn, rotten, patched stuff that will fall to pieces when it meets a pair of our brand new, double-stitched, all leather shoes that we have just gotten in.

You want your STAPLE DRY GOODS to be as good as your money. You want your FLOUR to be as good as DEAN'S PATENT, but you can't get this unless you buy the only genuine and original Dean's Patent sold only by us. And by the way, Dean's Patent is better now than it has ever been before. Of course it is, because it RISES, and if you will just eat a barrel of it for breakfast, you will never use any other.

Remember the date—always.

DEAN & RATLIFF, Bargain Prices, Lightning Husters, And Knock-outs of High-Prices. Ask nothing of Eye-Openers-to-the-Trade.

## BOYS' STEAM LAUNDRY!

The Most Complete and Up-to-Date Laundry in the State.

Every Machine the latest improved, and designed to do most perfect work. Under the superintendence of an experienced Laundryman, with a corps of skilled assistants. Every piece of work carefully inspected, and no sorry work allowed to pass from Laundry.

PRICES LOW. Quality of work unexcelled. Give us a trial.

W. F. BARR, Business Manager.

Located at rear of Fant's Book Store.

## HELP US MOVE!

WE beg of you for help to move. This is no joke. We are in cold earnest and will prove it to you. Listen while we talk, and then take your turn at speech-making:

We have again outgrown our pantaloons breeches, (as a Dutchman once said,) and we must make dem some more big. Or to make it clear to you, the house in which we do business has become too small to conveniently accommodate our large and growing trade. Hence we have secured a larger and more desirable house on Granite Row. Now, we have not forgotten what a job it was four years ago to lug about nine thousand dollars of stuff up here from our little old place, though the back doors were almost touching. And how much more of a job will it be now for us to move over twenty-five thousand of Goods clear across the Public Square. We don't want to do it, and we ain't agoin' to do it. No, we are just going to make a grab-pile of it, and let our friends and enemies come in and carry it off for us. To give you an idea of our intentions in the matter—listen:

For every ten cents traded with us we will give you a help-move ticket. If you trade 50 cents you get five help-move tickets, and so on. These tickets entitle the holders to free grabs at the pile, or 1c in trade for each ticket held. Nor is that all. Every little boy or girl who comes in and buys 25c worth of Goods, or is with an older person who buys 25c worth or more, we will give free one Hickory or Boxwood Top or a tiny Doll Baby—either black or white. Nor is that all. To the person trading the greatest number of bills, amounting to over 25c, we will give another Clock like above. Only one bill can be recorded in one day.

But, Minor, says some one, you can't afford it. Well, we admit as much, but we do it, anyhow. Now listen for prices to tighten competition. Oh, yes, they'll have to use a camphor bottle to keep up spirits now:

12c. and 15c. Suspenders cut to 10. Thin Bleaching cut to 25c. White Lawn cut to 25c. Better White Lawn 35c. Calico—Shirts—25c. Men's Drill Drawers cut to 20c.

These are actual Cuts. Prices—not latched up advertisements.

10c. Linen Collars at 8c. Misses' Hose, all sizes, 5c. Shoulder Straps for Valises 10c. Children's Waists 10c. Lurky Matches, 12 boxes 8c. Korker Matches, 12 boxes 10c. Handkerchiefs 25c, 25c, 5c. Ladies' Slippers at 35c. High Class Sandal at 79c. A few special values in Sample Shoes in Ladies' 80c. to \$1.50. In Men's 90c. to \$2.50.

Remember, you get help-move tickets with all this. No wonder competition itches.

Good Glass Tumblers 13c. set. Goblets 25c. set. Ice Creams 35c. doz. Hen and Rabbit Butter Dishes 10c. Covered Honey Dishes 10c. Syrup Cans 8c, 10c, 15c. Aluminum Hair Pins 5c. doz. 21 kinds of Pins to select from. Combs, Brushes, Tumbler, Jewelry, etc., at prices which defy competition.

12 lbs. good Soda for 25c. 3 boxes Shoe Nails for 5c. 25 good Envelopes for 1c. 24 Sheets Paper for 1c. 12 kinds Chewing Gum at 1c, 2c, 4c, and 5c. a package.

Now let's wind up this tale with a quid of Cuck-o-Jack Tobacco, or a piece of Judge at 25c, or 25c. per lb. Or shall we wash it off with a few bars of best Laundry Soap at 25c, or 4c, or 5c for big-gig-gig-gig.

In our Wholesale Department we make special prices to merchants everywhere. Yours always truly,

C. S. MINOR and THE TEN CENT STORE.

Spot Cash does the work.

## LAND SALE.

MORE Land than I need. Will sell in large or small lots. Land fresh, productive, well timbered and lies well. Community healthy, pure, cold water, good citizens, good roads, schools and churches. Communicate with—

W. L. SMITH, Ita, Madison Co., Ga.

July 18, 1899

## FOR SALE.

100 CITY LOTS—\$50.00 to \$2,500.

Four or five well located, nicely built modern Houses.

I am the only up-to-date Real Estate man in town.

PAUL E. AYER,

Real Estate Agent.

Room 4, P. O. Building.

## The Alliance Store

The announcement in last week's issue of this paper that we were presenting to our customers one year's subscription to the famous publication The Delineator—free of charge was an onward step in the march of enterprise of this firm. Large numbers of Ladies took advantage of the exceptional offer, and it is safe to say from the present outlook that the majority of Ladies of this and adjacent Counties will be recipients of this grand Journal of Fashion with its splendid articles of every description to interest the Ladies. The offer is still open to you, and we know that you will want to avail yourself of this grand opportunity to procure the book for one year FREE OF CHARGE.

## The Tale of a Shirt—49c.

Some months ago we found the best unlaundered Shirt we ever knew with a value of 75c. Taking it as a sample we ordered them made to our liking. The maker refused to consider the order for the reconstructed Shirts except on a basis of 65c. each. We found a Shirt man with an idle factory ordered enough to keep him busy for weeks. Results: These Shirts go on sale at 49c. Judge them by the muslin. Judge them by the workmanship or the fit, judge them by any standard you may set—they are worth 75c. The price is 49c. each.

## A Sale of Stamped Linens.

Those of you who enjoy needle work had better take advantage of the chance. There are Linens in this sale that one short month ago would have brought double to-day's price. Art and economy are never so closely linked together as now.

## Washable Shirt Waists.

If there is a more pleasing array of Cotton Shirt Waists for miles around we have not heard of it. We make it our business to find these things too. The colorings are beautiful, the workmanship and styles are peerless and the prices? Well, if they were not extremely low this Waist section wouldn't be visited by so many ladies.

## That New Corset.

If the Corset doesn't fit there is small chance of the gown possessing an enviable "dressy" hang. Come here for a new "American Lady Corset," profit by the advice of our ladies who are familiar with what is required make a perfect contour of form. There is no charge for their advice.

## Colored and White Imported Organdies.

Just a word about these beautiful goods. We haven't a great many, but what we have are all of the better quality. We have priced them almost as cheaply as Lawn, but that's a way we have, and they are yours now at less than their New York cost to us.

## Mail Orders receive prompt attention.

Yours truly,

JULIUS H. WEIL & CO

## Over Two Hundred and Fifty

## WAGONS and BUGGIES

## To Arrive in next few Days.

I am sole Agent and control this territory for— Old Hickory and Tennessee and other Wagons. Babcock, Tyson & Jones, Columbia and Columbus, many other makes.

These Wagons and Buggies are well known to you so don't buy a "pig in the poke" by buying something that represented as being "just as good."

Wagons have advanced \$2.50 each, but to reduce my stock I will continue to sell for thirty days at same old price.

A first-class 23 1-4 Wagon for \$45.00. The Celebrated "Columbia" Buggy, with Grade Wheel and Dust Proof Axles for \$50.00, worth \$65.00.

When they arrive I will sell you a first-class Piano-B "Barnett" Buggy for \$35.00. Worth a good deal more, must be sold.

While in the West a few days ago I secured a line of wagons at a price that will surprise you.

I am in the Buggy and Wagon business to stay, and one in the business can sell you cheaper than I can. I spot cash for my goods and get benefit of all discounts.

Let every one that wants a vehicle call on me and I SURE DO YOU GOOD.